

EEL 4712
Midterm 2 – Spring 2019
VERSION 1

Name: _____

UFID: _____

Sign here to give permission for your test to be returned in class, where others might see your score:

IMPORTANT:

- Please be neat and write (or draw) carefully. If we cannot read it with a reasonable effort, it is assumed wrong.
- **As always, the best answer gets the most points.**

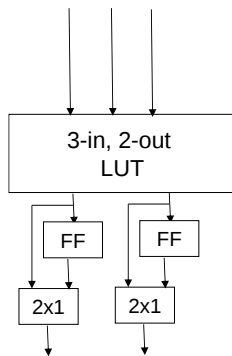
COVER SHEET:

Problem#:	Points
1 (12 points)	
2 (6 points)	
3 (6 points)	
4 (25 points)	
5 (25 points)	
6 (26 points)	

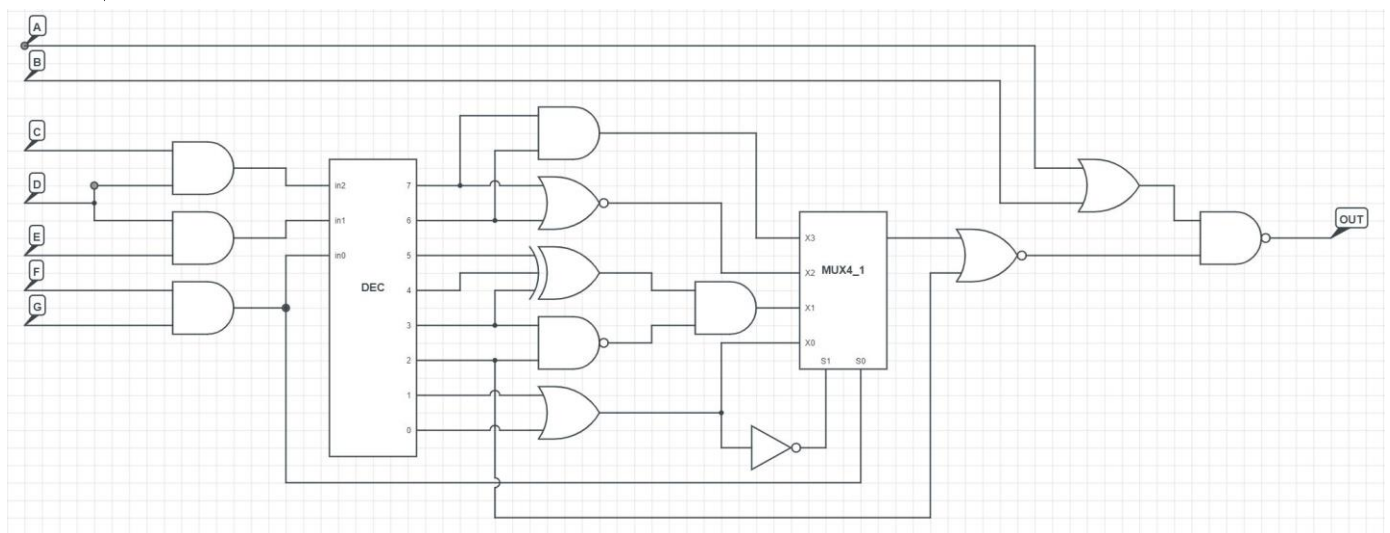
Total:

Regrade Info:

- (12 points) Assume you are given an FPGA that consists of the following CLB structures with one 3-input, 2-output LUT and optional registers on each output.

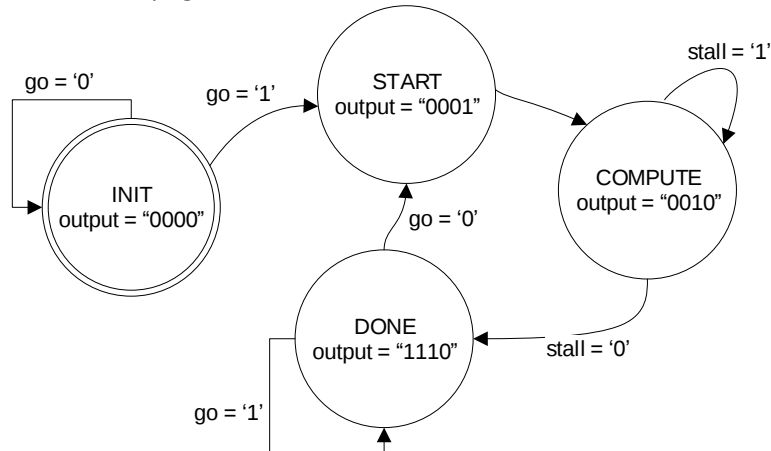


Map the following circuit onto these CLBs by drawing boxes to represent CLBs. **Do not try to optimize or modify the circuit in any way.**



- (6 points) Name three primary FPGA resources, excluding interconnect.
- (6 points) You are designing a circuit that repeatedly outputs a 1-cycle pulse at 6 μs , 11 μs , and 15 μs . Assuming a 50 MHz clock, at what count values should each pulse occur?

4. (25 points) Fill in the code to implement the following Moore finite state machine (FSM) *using the 2-process FSM model*. **Assume that INIT is the initial state. Transitions without conditions are always taken.** Use the next page if extra room is needed.



```

library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;

entity fsm is
  port (
    clk, rst      : in  std_logic;
    go, stall     : in  std_logic;
    output        : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0)
  );
end fsm;

architecture PROC2 of fsm is

  type STATE_TYPE is (

  );

  signal state, next_state : STATE_TYPE;

begin

  process(clk, rst)
  begin

    end process;

    process(
    )
  begin

```

```
    end process;  
end PROC2;
```

5. (25 points) Create an FSM that implements the following pseudo-code. **Do not write VHDL and instead leave the FSM in graphical form** (i.e., state machine with corresponding operations in each state).

Inputs: *go* (std_logic), *N* (std_logic_vector)
Outputs: *result* (std_logic_vector), *done* (std_logic)

```
// reset values for outputs
done = 0; result = 0;

while (1) {

    while (go == 0);
    done = 0;

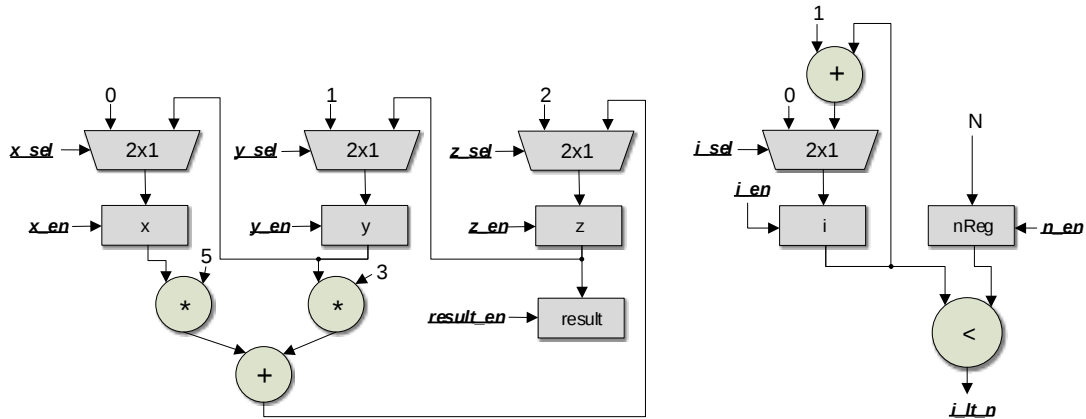
    x = 0;
    y = 1;
    z = 2;
    i = 0;
    nReg = N; // store input N into a register

    while (i < nReg) {

        z = 3*y + 5*x;
        x = y;
        y = z;
        i++;
    }

    result = z;
    done = 1;
    while (go == 1);
}
```


6. (26 points) Draw an FSM capable of controlling the illustrated datapath to perform the pseudo-code in question 5, by assigning or reading from the underlined control signals. The controller should have an additional input for *go* and an output for *done* (not shown in the datapath). Assume that left mux inputs have a select value of 1. **Do not write any VHDL code**, just show the FSM and control signals. Be sure to mention default signal values to save space. NOTE: this FSM might have different states than your FSMD in problem 5.



Problem 5+6 Reference

Inputs: `go` (std_logic), `N` (std_logic_vector)
 Outputs: `result` (std_logic_vector), `done` (std_logic)

```
// reset values for outputs
done = 0; result = 0;
```

```
while (1) {
    while (go == 0);
    done = 0;

    x = 0;
    y = 1;
    z = 2;
    i = 0;
    nReg = N; // store input N into a register

    while (i < nReg) {
        z = 3*y + 5*x;
        x = y;
        y = z;
        i++;
    }

    result = z;
    done = 1;
    while (go == 1);
}
```

